IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1. (original) A balanced gyrator comprising a plurality of interconnected feedforward and feedback MOS single-ended transconductors, balanced inputs and outputs, common mode feedback means coupled respectively between the balanced inputs and outputs, and means for providing each of the transconductors with a non-reciprocal feedback capacitance for rendering reciprocal the feedthrough capacitance of the transconductor thereby neutralising the feedthrough capacitance of the gyrator.
- 2. (original) A balanced gyrator as claimed in claim 1, wherein each of the single-ended transconductors comprises a pMOS transistor and a nMOS transistor having drain electrodes connected together, source electrodes connected to respective first and second power supply lines, gate electrodes coupled to an input, and a junction of the interconnected drain electrodes connected to an output, characterised in that the non-reciprocal feedback capacitance comprises a capacitive device coupled between the input and output.

- 3. (original) A balanced gyrator as claimed in claim 2, characterised in that the capacitive device comprises a MOS transistor having its source and drain electrodes connected together and a gate electrode, in that the gate electrode is coupled to the transconductor input and in that a source follower transistor couples the interconnected source and drain electrodes to the transconductor output.
- 4. (original) A balanced gyrator as claimed in claim 3, characterised in that the capacitance value of the capacitive device is related to the sum of the gate-source capacitances of the pMOS and nMOS transistors.
- 5. (original) A balanced gyrator as claimed in claim 4, characterised in that the capacitance value is substantially equal to: $\frac{2}{5}(C_{gsp}+C_{gsn})$, where C_{gsp} and C_{gsn} , respectively are the gatesource capacitances of the pMOS and nMOS transistors.
- 6. (original) A filter comprising at least one stage including first and second shunt capacitors and a series inductance stage, characterised in that the series inductance stage comprises first and second balanced gyrators and a shunt capacitance and in that

each of the first and second gyrators comprises a plurality of interconnected feedforward and feedback MOS single-ended transconductors, balanced inputs and outputs, common mode feedback means coupled respectively between the balanced inputs and outputs, and means for providing each of the transconductors with a non-reciprocal feedback capacitance for rendering reciprocal the feedthrough capacitance of the transconductor thereby neutralising the feedthrough capacitance of the gyrator.

- 7. (original) A transceiver having at least one channel filter, the or each channel filter comprising a plurality of balanced gyrators, each balanced gyrator including a plurality of interconnected feedforward and feedback MOS single-ended transconductors, balanced inputs and outputs, common mode feedback means coupled respectively between the balanced inputs and outputs, and means for providing each of the transconductors with a non-reciprocal feedback capacitance for rendering reciprocal the feedthrough capacitance of the transconductor thereby neutralising the feedthrough capacitance of the gyrator.
- 8. (original) A transceiver as claimed in claim 7, wherein each of the single-ended transconductors comprises a pMOS transistor and a nMOS transistor having drain electrodes connected together,

source electrodes connected to respective first and second power supply lines, gate electrodes coupled to an input, and a junction of the interconnected drain electrodes connected to an output, characterised in that the non-reciprocal feedback capacitance comprises a capacitive device coupled between the input and output.

- 9. (original) A transceiver as claimed in claim 8, characterised in that the capacitive device comprises a MOS transistor having its source and drain electrodes connected together and a gate electrode, in that the gate electrode is coupled to the transconductor input and in that a source follower transistor couples the interconnected source and drain electrodes to the transconductor output.
- 10. (original) A transceiver as claimed in claim 8, characterised in that the capacitance value of the capacitive device is related to the sum of the gate-source capacitances of the pMOS and nMOS transistors.
- 11. (original) An integrated circuit comprising a filter as claimed in claim 6.

12. (currently amended) An integrated circuit comprising a transceiver as claimed in any one of claims 7 to 10 claim 1.